

CONDENSED CONSOLIDATED INTERIM FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

For the three months ended March 31, 2019 and 2018



NOTICE OF NO AUDITOR REVIEW OF CONDENSED CONSOLIDATED INTERIM FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

Under National Instrument 51-102, Part 4, subsection 4.3 (3) (a), if an auditor has not performed a review of the Condensed Consolidated Interim Financial Statements, they must be accompanied by a notice indicating that an auditor has not reviewed the financial statements.



Condensed Consolidated Interim Statements of Financial Position

(Unaudited, expressed in thousands of Canadian dollars)

	Notes		March 31, 2019		December 31, 2018
Assets					
Current assets					
Cash	4	\$	249	\$	583
Trade and other receivables	5		15,517		13,457
Prepaid expenses and deposits			2,372		3,208
			18,138		17,248
Non-current assets					
Exploration and evaluation	6		269,443		269,218
Property, plant and equipment	6 7		491,447		492,815
Right-of-use assets	3,8		2,338		, -
9	·		763,228		762,033
		\$	781,366	\$	779,281
Liabilities and Shareholders' Equity Current liabilities					
Trade and accrued liabilities	9	\$	207,179	\$	183,137
Bonds	10.2	•	24,152	•	24,462
Shareholders loans	20		5,292		, -
Senior notes	10.1		265,448		270,990
		-	502,071		478,589
Non-current liabilities					
Lease Liabilities	3,8		2,365		-
Provisions	11		49,759		48,739
			554,195		527,328
Shareholders' Equity					
Share capital	13		1,293,379		1,293,379
Reserve for share-based compensation	14		74,865		74,531
Deficit	1-7		(1,141,073)		(1,115,957)
Bollok			227,171		251,953
			·		·

Going concern (Note 2) Commitments and contingencies (Note 22)

Approved by the Board

"Joanne Yan"
Independent Non-Executive Director

"Kwok Ping Sun"
Executive Director



Condensed Consolidated Interim Statements of Operations and Comprehensive Loss (Unaudited, expressed in thousands of Canadian dollars, except for per share amounts)

For the three months ended March 31,	Notes		2019	2018
Petroleum sales, net of royalties Other income	15.1 15.2	\$	5,949 1 5,950	\$ 11,144 1 11,145
Expenses Diluent Transportation Operating Depletion and depreciation General and administrative	6,7 16		1,491 2,321 4,581 2,465 2,622	3,896 4,527 5,671 4,171 3,013
Finance costs Stock based compensation Foreign exchange (gains)/losses	17 14.2 19.3	\$	22,734 334 (5,482) 31,066	\$ 15,348 368 6,982 43,976
Loss before income taxes Income taxes	12		(25,116)	(32,831)
Net loss and comprehensive loss for the period attributable to equity holders of the Company Basic and diluted loss per share	18	<u>\$</u>	(25,116)	\$ (32,831)



Condensed Consolidated Interim Statements of Changes in Shareholders' Equity (Unaudited, expressed in thousands of Canadian dollars)

		Share	Reserve for share based		
	Notes	capital	compensation	Deficit	Total
Balance, December 31, 2018 Net loss and comprehensive		\$ 1,293,379	\$ 74,531	\$ (1,115,957)	\$ 251,953
loss for the period		-	-	(25,116)	(25,116)
Issue of common shares Share issue costs, net of	13.1	-	-	-	-
deferred tax (\$Nil) Recognition of share-based	13.1	-	-	-	-
compensation	14.2	-	334	-	334
Balance, March 31, 2019		\$ 1,293,379	\$ 74,865	\$ (1,141,073)	\$ 227,171
Balance, December 31, 2017		\$ 1,275,008	\$ 70,522	\$ (988,961)	\$ 356,569
Net loss and comprehensive loss for the period lssue of common shares	13.1	-	-	(32,831)	(32,831)
Share issue costs, net of		12,996	-	-	12,996
deferred tax (\$Nil) Recognition of share-based	13.1	(244)	-	-	(244)
compensation	14.2	-	368	-	368
Balance, March 31, 2018		\$ 1,287,760	\$ 70,890	\$ (1,021,792)	\$ 336,858



Condensed Consolidated Interim Statements of Cash Flows (Unaudited, expressed in thousands of Canadian dollars)

For the three months ended March 31,	Notes	2019	2018
Cash flows used in operating activities			
Net loss for the period		\$ (25,116)	\$ (32,831)
Finance costs		22,734	15,348
Unrealized foreign exchange (gains)/losses	19.3	(5,477)	7,072
Other interest costs	17	(17)	-
Interest income	15.2	(1)	(1)
Depletion and depreciation	6,7	2,465	4,171
Share-based compensation	14.2	334	368
Movement in non-cash working capital	23	(109)	(2,110)
Net cash used in operating activities		 (5,187)	(7,983)
Cash flows used in investing activities			
Interest received		1	1
Payments for exploration and evaluation assets	6	(79)	(233)
Payments for property, plant and equipment	7	(263)	(1,148)
Movement in non-cash working capital	23	 27	(198)
Net cash used in investing activities		 (314)	(1,578)
Cash flows provided in financing activities			
Proceeds from issue of common shares	13.1	-	12,996
Payment for share issue costs	13.1	-	(244)
Payment for finance costs	17	(64)	(30)
Payments for the notes principal		-	-
Proceeds from Bonds	10.2	693	-
Payments for the Bonds	10.2	(1,008)	-
Proceeds from shareholder loans	20.1	5,267	-
Repayment of shareholder loans	20.1	-	(5,339)
Movement in non-cash working capital	23	 -	
Net cash provided by financing activities		4,888	7,383
Effect of exchange rate changes on cash held in			
foreign currency	19.3	279	25
isiong, camons,		 	
Net increase / (decrease) in cash		(334)	(2,153)
Cash, beginning of period		 583	3,671
Cash, end of period		\$ 249	\$ 1,518



Notes to the Condensed Consolidated Interim Financial Statements

For the three months ended March 31, 2019 and 2018 (Unaudited, expressed in thousands of Canadian dollars, unless otherwise indicated)

1. Company information

Sunshine Oilsands Ltd. (the "Company") was incorporated under the laws of the Province of Alberta on February 22, 2007. The address of its principal place of business is 1020, 903 – 8th Avenue S.W., Calgary, Alberta, Canada T2P 0P7. The Company's shares were listed on the Stock Exchange of Hong Kong Limited ("SEHK") on March 1, 2012 pursuant to an initial public offering ("IPO") and trades under the stock code symbol of "2012".

On May 4, 2012, Sunshine Oilsands (Hong Kong) Limited ("Sunshine Hong Kong") was incorporated in Hong Kong and is a wholly-owned subsidiary of the Company. The address of the principal place of business for Sunshine Hong Kong is 20/F, Two Chinachem Central, No.26 Des Voeux Road Central, Hong Kong.

On July 14, 2015, Boxian Investments Limited ("Boxian") was incorporated in the British Virgin Islands and is a wholly-owned subsidiary of the Company. The address of the principal place of business for Boxian is P.O. Box 957, Offshore Incorporation Centre, Road Town, Tortola, British Virgin Islands. As of March 31, 2019, no activity has occurred in Boxian. The purpose of Boxian is to pursue new investment opportunities.

On March 24, 2017, Sang Xiang Petroleum & Chemical (Shanghai) Limited ("Sunshine Shanghai") was incorporated in China and is a wholly-owned subsidiary of the Company. The address of the principal place of business for Sunshine Shanghai is Building 1, Level 6, Room 41, 39 Jia Tai Road, the China (Shanghai) Pilot Free Trade Zone. The purpose of Shanghai is to pursue new investment opportunities.

The Company is engaged in the evaluation and the development of oil properties for the future production of bitumen in the Athabasca oilsands region in Alberta, Canada. The continued existence of the Company is dependent on its ability to maintain capital funding for further development and to meet obligations. In the event that such capital is not available to the Company, it will be necessary to prioritize activities, which may result in delaying and potentially losing business opportunities and cause potential impairment to recorded assets.

2. Basis of preparation

Going Concern

These Condensed Consolidated Interim Financial Statements have been prepared on a going concern basis which contemplates the realization of assets and the satisfaction of liabilities and commitments in the normal course of business for the foreseeable future. The Company has historically met its day to day working capital requirements and funded its capital and operating expenditures through funding received from the proceeds of share issuances and debt.

There is a material risk that the Company will be unable to meet its financing obligations including payments of outstanding interest and principal balances on its Senior Notes (Note 10). Management continually monitors the Company's financing requirements and is pursuing negotiations to refinance current debt and access immediate additional financing to fund its ongoing operations. Management is engaged in discussions with existing shareholders and creditors on proposed transactions and agreements which would reduce anticipated cash outflows and provide the additional financing required to fund capital and operating expenditures, and to meet obligations as they fall due in the 12 months following March 31, 2019.

The timing and extent of forecast capital and operating expenditures is based on the Company's 2019 forecast and on management's estimate of expenditures expected to be incurred beyond 2019. The Company has a significant degree of control and flexibility over both the extent and timing of expenditures under its future capital investment program.

Management has applied significant judgment in preparing forecasts supporting the going concern assumption. Specifically, management has made assumptions regarding projected oil sales volumes and pricing, scheduling of payments arising from various obligations as at March 31, 2019, the availability of additional financing, and the timing and extent of capital and operating expenditures.



2. Basis of preparation (continued)

The Company's ability to continue as a going concern is dependent on its ability to realize forecasted revenues, achieve profitable operations, restructure projected cash outflows arising from existing arrangements, control the timing and extent of projected expenditures, and refinance current debt, access immediate additional financing and maintain compliance with all terms in debt and forbearance agreements. These uncertainties may cast significant doubt about the group's (the "Group") ability to continue as a going concern.

On September 9, 2016, the Company entered into a forbearance agreement (the "Forbearance Agreement") with Wells Fargo Bank N.A., as administrative agent, and certain bondholders (collectively "the Bondholders") in respect of USD \$200 million of notes made under a note agreement dated August 8, 2014. Under the terms of the Forbearance Agreement, the Lenders agreed to, among other things, forbear from exercising the rights and remedies arising from the Company's failure to pay cash interest and principal payments due on August 1, 2016.

On January 31, 2017, the Company updated the Forbearance Agreement and Sunshine was required to make a payment of coupon interest accruing on the Senior Notes and repurchase USD \$25 million in principal amount on February 1, 2017. These payments were not made.

Sunshine was in violation of the Forbearance Agreement including the following financial related termination:

- Sunshine had failed to pay the Yield Maintenance Premium ("YMP") of USD \$14,596,000 payable on October 16, 2016;
- Sunshine failed to repay USD \$25,000,000 of the Senior Notes principal balance payable on February 1, 2017;
- Sunshine failed to pay the 2.50% Forbearance Fees of USD \$2,400,000 payable on February 1, 2017;
- Sunshine failed to pay accrued interest equal in aggregate to USD \$10,000,000 payable on February 1, 2017 as contemplated by the Forbearance Agreement;
- Sunshine did not maintain minimum liquidity levels of USD \$10,000,000 as contemplated in the Forbearance Agreement.

On March 21, 2017, the Company entered into the Forbearance Reinstatement Agreement (the "FRA") and a Note Exchange Agreement (the "NEA") with the Forbearing Holders. They agreed to waive the liability of the Company in relation to previous violations listed above and fully reinstate the Forbearance Agreement, provided that Sunshine made the following payments on or before March 27, 2017:

- Payment of USD \$2.8 million representing 20% of the YMP originally due on August 1, 2016;
- Payment of USD \$2.4 million representing 20% accrued interest and forbearance fee originally due on February 1, 2017. As of March 27, 2017, all the above cash commitment USD \$5.2 million was paid;
- Sunshine agreed to repurchase and the Bondholders agreed to sell up to USD \$11.2 million of Senior Notes in exchange for Common Shares of Sunshine, pending on conditions.

Other payments contemplated in the FRA included:

- Payment of all legal professional fees by March 21, 2017, which were paid on March 21, 2017;
- 80% of the YMP to be repaid on August 1, 2017 in cash;
- 80% of the accrued interest and forbearance fee of USD \$9.6 million to be repaid on August 1, 2017 in cash;
- The Company agreed to repay the bond principal in an amount equal up to 80% of the YMP by issuance of shares:
- Make principal repayments to the Bondholders of USD \$5.0 million on April 30, 2017, USD \$10.0 million on June 30, 2017 and the remaining amount on or before the maturity date of the bond on August 1, 2017.

On September 26, 2017, the Company and the Forbearing Holders confirmed the signing of the Amended and Restated Forbearance Agreement (the "Amended FA"). The principal terms of the Amended FA include:

- The Forbearance would be extended to August 1, 2018 (New York time), provided that;
- Repayment of USD \$0.2 million upon signing the Amended FA, which was paid on September 26, 2017;
- Repayment of USD \$1.8 million by October 30, 2017;
- Repayment of USD \$5.0 million and USD \$15.0 million on February 1, 2018 and May 1, 2018 respectively, if repayment is made prior to December 31, 2017, all accrued and unpaid interests incurred on the corresponding amount will be waived;
- The Company was to obtain financing of USD \$5.0 million within 45 days after signing the Amended FA; and the Company was to obtain financing of USD \$5.0 million every quarter.

2. Basis of preparation (continued)

Some of the Company's loan agreements are subjected to covenant clauses, whereby the Company is required to meet certain criteria. The Company did not fulfil the minimum liquidity, quarterly financings and capital raise covenants as required in the Amended and Restated Forbearance Agreement. Furthermore, Sunshine did not fulfill repayment requirements of USD \$1.8 million on October 30, 2017, USD \$5.0 million on February 1, 2018 and USD \$15.0 million on May 1, 2018.

On October 31, 2018 (Calgary time), the Company and the Noteholders signed a Reinstatement and Amending Agreement (the "FRAA"). The principal terms of the FRAA include:

- The Forbearance was extended to August 1, 2019 (New York time);
- An interest of 10% per annum is incurred from the date hereof until August 1, 2019 (New York time);
- The Company is to obtain financing of at least US\$5.0 million from the date of signing until April 30, 2019 to maintain sufficient liquidity.

On June 19, 2018, the Company received a notice from the Alberta Court of Queen's Bench. As a result of such garnishment notice, CAD\$2.1 million of cash was to be put aside for creditor repayment. The notice was lifted in September 2018. As at year ended December 31, 2018, there was nil balance in relation to such Court Notice. On February 27, 2019 the Company received another garnishment notice from the Alberta Court of Queen's Bench. As a result, CAD\$0.7 million of cash was to be put aside for creditor repayment subsequent to the year end. The Company has filed an appeal against such notice and will be contesting this notice in Court.

On March 1, 2017, the West Ells Phase I project, located in the Athabasca region of Alberta, commenced commercial production. This marked a key milestone for the Company, following which the Project is treated as a fully operational and commercialized project.

The Condensed Consolidated Interim Financial Statements have been prepared on a basis which asserts that the Company will continue to have the ability to realize its assets and discharge its liabilities and commitments in a planned manner with consideration to expected possible outcomes. Conversely, if the assumption made by management is not appropriate and the Company is unable to meet its obligations as they fall due the preparation of these Financial Statements on a going concern basis may not be appropriate and adjustments to the carrying amounts of the Company's assets, liabilities, revenues, expenses, and balance sheet classifications may be necessary and such adjustments could be material. Specifically, in the absence of additional financing and the restructuring of current debt (Note 10) the Company would be unlikely to be able to continue the development of the West Ells project and the Company would be required to consider divestiture of the West Ells project and other assets. Such curtailment of activity would likely materially and negatively impact the Company's assessment of the carrying values of assets and liabilities associated with the West Ells project.

These Condensed Consolidated Interim Financial Statements reflect management's best estimates after giving consideration to likely outcomes. The Condensed Consolidated Interim Financial Statements continue to be prepared in accordance with International Financial Reporting Standards ("IFRS") and are consistent with the Company's accounting policies as outlined in financial statement Note 3.

2.1 Statement of compliance

The Condensed Consolidated Interim Financial Statements have been prepared using the same accounting policies and methods as those used in the Company's audited consolidated financial statements for the year ended December 31, 2018. The Condensed Consolidated Interim Financial Statements are in compliance with International Accounting Standard ("IAS") 34, "Interim Financial Reporting". The Condensed Consolidated Interim Financial Statements have been prepared on the historical cost basis except for certain financial instruments, which are measured at fair value (Note 19). The Condensed Consolidated Interim Financial Statements are presented in Canadian Dollars ("\$"), which is the functional currency of the Company.

The Company has consistently applied the accounting policies to all periods presented in these financial statements. Certain information and disclosures normally included in the audited annual consolidated financial statements, prepared in accordance with International Financial Reporting Standards ("IFRS"), have been condensed or omitted, except for the adoption of IFRS 15 Revenue from Contracts with Customers, IFRS 9 Financial Instruments and IFRIC 22 Foreign Currency Transactions and Advance Consideration. Accordingly, these Condensed Consolidated Interim Financial Statements should be read in conjunction with the audited annual Consolidated Financial Statements for the year ended December 31, 2018.



Going concern

The Board has considered the Company's current activities, funding position and projected funding requirements for the period of at least twelve months from the date these Condensed Consolidated Interim Financial Statements, in determining the ability of the Company to adopt the going concern basis in preparing the Condensed Consolidated Interim Financial Statements for the three months ended March 31, 2019. The assessment of the Company's ability to execute its strategy to meet its future funding requirements involves judgment.

3. Significant accounting policies

These Condensed Consolidated Interim Financial Statements have been prepared using the same accounting policies and methods of computation as the annual audited consolidated financial statements of the Company for the year ended December 31, 2018, with the exception of the adoption of IFRS 16 described below.

IFRS 16 -Leases

In January 2016, the IASB issued IFRS 16 Leases ("IFRS 16"), which replaces the existing IFRS guidance on leases: IAS 17 Leases ("IAS 17"). Under IAS 17, lessees were required to determine if the lease is a finance or operating lease, based on specified criteria of whether the lease transferred significantly all the risks and rewards associated with ownership of the underlying asset. Finance leases are recognized on the balance sheet while operating leases are recognized in the Consolidated Statements of Income when the expense is incurred. Under IFRS 16, lessees must recognize a lease liability and a right-of-use asset for most lease contracts. The recognition of the present value of minimum lease payments for certain contracts previously classified as operating leases resulted in increases to assets, liabilities, depreciation and amortization, and interest expense.

The Company adopted IFRS 16 on January 1, 2019 using the modified retrospective approach. The modified retrospective approach does not require restatement of prior period financial information as it recognizes the cumulative effect as an adjustment to opening retained earnings and applies the standard prospectively. Accordingly, comparative information in the Company's financial statements are not restated.

On adoption, lease liabilities were measured at the present value of the remaining lease payments discounted using the the Company's incremental borrowing rate on January 1, 2019. Right-of-use assets were measured at an amount equal to the lease liability. For leases previously classified as operating leases, the Company applied the exemption not to recognize right-of-use assets and liabilities for leases with a lease term of less than 12 months, excluded initial direct costs from measuring the right-of-use asset at the date of initial application, and applied a single discount rate to a portfolio of leases with similar characteristics.

Financial Statement Impact

The recognition of the present value of minimum lease payments resulted in an additional \$2.3 million of right-of-use assets and associated lease liabilities. The Company has recognized lease liabilities in relation to lease arrangements previously disclosed as operating lease commitments under IAS 17 that meet the criteria of a lease under IFRS 16. Upon recognition, the Company's discounted rates used in measuring lease liabilities was 7.9% for trucks and trailers and 10% for the offices. The nature of the Company's long-term leasing activities includes trucks, trailers and the offices in Calgary, Shanghai and Hong Kong.



4. Cash

	March 31, 2019	December 31, 2018
Cash ¹	\$ 249	\$ 583
	\$ 249	\$ 583

^{1.} The Company's cash consists of cash held in bank accounts that earn interest at varying interest rates of between 0.1% and 1.55%.

5. Trade and other receivables

	March 31, 2019	December 31, 2018
Trade	\$ 1,943	\$ 2,422
Accruals and other receivables	13,523	11,035
Goods and services taxes receivable	51	-
	\$ 15,517	\$ 13,457

The Company allows an average credit period of 30 days to its trade customers. The following is an aged analysis of trade receivables at the end of the reporting period:

	March 31, 2019	December 31, 2018
0 - 30 days	\$ 87	\$ 646
31 - 60 days	13	4
61 - 90 days	73	3
>90 days	 1,770	1,769
	\$ 1,943	\$ 2,422

As at March 31, 2019, included in the Company's trade receivables was an aggregate carrying amount of \$1.9 million (December 31, 2018 - \$2.4 million), which was past due as at the reporting date. The Company does not hold any collateral over these balances.

6. Exploration and evaluation

Balance, December 31, 2017	\$	268.227
Capital expenditures	¥	1.511
Non-cash expenditures ¹		(520)
Impairment loss		Ò
Balance, December 31, 2018	\$	269,218
Capital expenditures		79
Non-cash expenditures ¹		146
Balance, March 31, 2019	\$	269,443

I. Non-cash expenditures include capitalized share-based compensation and changes in decommissioning obligations.

Exploration and evaluation ("E&E") assets are comprised of undeveloped land and oil sands evaluation projects pending the determination of technical feasibility and commercial viability. As at March 31, 2019, the Company did not identify any indicators of further impairment (or reversal of the previous impairments recorded in previous years) of the E&E Assets.



7. Property, plant and equipment

	Crude oil assets	Corporate assets	Total
Cost			
Balance, December 31, 2017	\$ 894,772	\$ 5,307	\$ 900,079
Capital expenditures	1,291	98	1,389
Non-cash expenditures ¹	(2,334)	-	(2,334)
Balance, December 31, 2018	\$ 893,729	\$ 5,405	\$ 899,134
Capital expenditures	 282	19	263
Non-cash expenditures ¹	590	-	590
Balance, March 31, 2019	\$ 894,601	\$ 5,386	\$ 899,987

^{1.} Non-cash expenditures include capitalized share-based compensation and changes in decommissioning obligations.

	Crude oil assets	Corporate assets		Total
Accumulated depletion, depreciation and impairment				
Balance, December 31, 2017	\$ 389,183	\$ 3,480	\$ 5	392,663
Depletion and depreciation expense Impairment loss	13,133	522		13,655
Balance, December 31, 2018	\$ 402,316	\$ 4,002	\$ 5	406,318
Depletion and depreciation expense Impairment loss	 2,117	105		2,222
Balance, March 31, 2019	\$ 404,433	\$ 4,107	\$ 6	408,540
Carrying value, December 31, 2018	\$ 491,413	\$ 1,403	\$ 5	492,816
Carrying value, March 31, 2019	\$ 490,168	\$ 1,279	\$ S	491,447

The Company commenced commercial production at West Ells Project I on March 1, 2017. As at the time, the Company ceased capitalization of petroleum revenue, royalties, diluent, transportation, and operating expenses relating to West Ells Project I and has included these amounts in the statement of comprehensive income (loss) for the three months ended March 31, 2018.

The Company started recording depletion of West Ells Project I assets in the statement of comprehensive income (loss) for the three months ended March 31, 2017. Prior to March 1, 2017, the West Ells Phase I assets of \$687.1 million were not being depleted. In determining the unit-of-production depletion charge on recoverable reserves, future development costs of \$2,520 million (2018 - \$2,400 million) were included in property, plant and equipment.

As at March 31, 2019, the Company did not identify any indicators of further impairment (or reversal of the previous impairments recorded in previous years) of the West Ells Cash Generating Unit (CGU).

8. Right-of-use Assets and Leases

Right-of-use Assets

Trucks & Trailers		Offices	Total
January 1, 2019			
Initial recognition	861	1,721	2,582
Additions	-	-	-
Depreciation	(54)	(190)	(244)
March 31, 2019	807	1,531	2,338

Leases

Balance Sheets

	March 31, 2019
Non-current lease liabilities	2,365



8. Right-of-use Assets and Leases (continued)

Cash Flow Summary

	Three Months ended March 31,
	2019
Total cash flow used for leases	100

Effective January 1, 2019, the Company recognizes right-of-use assets ('ROA") and lease liabilities at the lease commencement date. The right-of-use assets are initially measured at cost, and subsequently depreciated using the straight-line method from the commencement date to the end of the lease term (4 years for trucks, 6 years for trailers and 3 years for the offices). As March 31, 2019, the ROA and non-current lease liabilities include the trucks, trailers and the offices in Shanghai and Hong Kong. The Calgary office has short-term lease till April 30, 2019, so the monthly rental fees have been expensed. The long-term lease for the Calgary office will start May 1, 2019 and will show as ROA and lease liability in Q2 2019.

The lease liabilities are initially measured at the present value of the lease payments that are not paid at the commencement date, discounted using the interest rate implicit in the lease, which are 7.9% for the trucks and trailers, and 10% for the offices.

9. Trade and accrued liabilities

	March 31, 2019	December 31, 2018
Trade	\$ 29,196	\$ 28,262
Accrued liabilities	177,983	154,875
	\$ 207,179	\$ 183,137

Trade payables and accrued liabilities mainly represent payables to subcontractors for development, engineering, procurement, construction services, and interest and yield maintenance premiums on the senior notes. The following is an aged analysis of trade payables based on dates of invoices at the end of the reporting period:

	March 31, 2019	December 31, 2018
Trade		
0 - 30 days	\$ 1,562	\$ 2,437
31 - 60 days	1,377	1,346
61 - 90 days	1,567	1,442
> 90 days	 24,690	23,037
	 29,196	28,262
Accrued liabilities	177,983	154,875
	\$ 207,179	\$ 183,137

10. Senior Notes & Bonds

10.1 Senior Notes

	March 31, 2019	December 31, 2018
Senior secured notes	\$ 265,448	\$ 270,990
Discount on notes	(16,168)	(16,168)
Financing transaction costs on notes	(11,846)	(11,846)
Amortization of financing transaction costs and		
discount	28,014	28,014
Balance, end of period	\$ 265,448	\$ 270,990

On August 8, 2014, the Company completed an offering of USD \$200 million senior secured notes (the "Notes") at an offering price of USD \$938.01 per USD \$1,000 principal amount. The Notes bear interest at a rate of 10% per annum and had a potential maturity date of August 1, 2017, if certain conditions were met as explained below.

The conditions were if by February 1, 2016, the Company had not: (1) received at least USD \$50 million of net cash proceeds from one or more equity offerings; and (2) deposited, or caused to be deposited, cash in an amount sufficient to pay: (a) one year of interest payments on the aggregate principal amount of Notes outstanding on February 1, 2016; and (b) the yield premium, then the final maturity date of the Notes would have been August 1, 2016. The Company did

10.1 Senior Notes (continued)

not meet these conditions by February 1, 2016, and as a result the final maturity date of the Notes was August 1, 2016 at which time the Company was negotiating forbearance with the noteholders.

On September 9, 2016, the Company and noteholders representing 96% of the outstanding Notes (the "Forbearing Holders") entered into a long-term forbearance agreement in respect of the Notes (the "Agreement"). The principal terms of the Agreement included: (a) payment on October 17, 2016 of the yield maintenance premium payment of \$19.1 million due on August 1, 2016; (b) payment of the coupon interest accruing on the Notes and repurchase of USD \$22.5 million in principal amount of the Notes on February 1, 2017; (c) payment of the principal of the Notes and the coupon interest on the Notes on August 1, 2017; (d) payment of forbearance fees accruing at 2.50% on the principal amount of the Notes held by the Forbearing Holders; (e) payment of a fee equal to 7.298% of the outstanding principal amount of the Notes held by the Forbearing Holders on August 1, 2017 and proportionately smaller fees if the Notes are repurchased or redeemed prior to that date; (f) covenants relating to minimum liquidity to be maintained by the Company for specified periods; (g) board of director observation rights for certain significant noteholders; (h) use of proceeds restrictions for the proceeds of any asset sales completed by the Company; (i) budget approval rights; and (j) requirements that the Company raise additional capital and provide additional security for the Notes.

On March 21, 2017, the Company entered into the Forbearance Reinstatement Agreement ("FRA") and a Note Exchange Agreement (the "NEA") with the Forbearing Holders. The Forbearing Holders agreed to waive the liability of the Company in relation to previous violations listed above and fully reinstate the Forbearance Agreement, provided that Sunshine made the following payments on or before March 27, 2017:

- Payment of USD \$2.8 million representing 20% of the YMP originally due on August 1, 2016;
- Payment of USD \$2.4 million representing 20% accrued interest and forbearance fee originally due on February 1, 2017. As of March 27, 2017, all the above cash commitment USD \$5.2 million was paid;
- Sunshine agreed to repurchase and the Forbearing Holders agreed to sell up to USD \$11.2 million of Senior Notes in exchange for Common Shares of Sunshine, pending on conditions.

Other payments contemplated in the FRA included:

- Payment of all legal professional fees by March 21, 2017, which was paid on March 21, 2017;
- 80% of the YMP to be repaid on August 1, 2017 in cash;
- 80% of the accrued interest and forbearance fee of USD \$9.6 million to be repaid on August 1, 2017 in cash;
- The Company agreed to repay bond principal of an amount equal to 80% of the YMP by issuance of shares;
- Make principal repayments to the Forbearing Holders of USD \$5.0 million on April 30, 2017, USD \$10.0 million on June 30, 2017 and the remaining amount on or before the maturity date of the bond on August 1, 2017.

On September 26, 2017, the Company and the Forbearing Holders confirmed the signing of the Amended and Restated Forbearance Agreement (the "Amended FA"). The principal terms of the Amended FA include:

- The Forbearance would be extended to August 1, 2018 (New York time), provided that;
- Repayment of USD \$0.2 million upon signing the Amended FA, which was paid on September 26, 2017;
- Repayment of USD \$1.8 million by October 30, 2017;
- Repayment of USD \$5.0 million and USD \$15.0 million on February 1, 2018 and May 1, 2018 respectively, if repayment is made prior to December 31, 2017, all accrued and unpaid interests incurred on the corresponding amount will be waived:
- The Company was to obtain financing of USD \$5.0 million within 45 days after signing the Amended FA;
- The Company was to obtain financing of USD \$5.0 million every quarter.

Some of the Company's loan agreements are subjected to covenant clauses, whereby the Company is required to meet certain criteria. The Company did not fulfil the minimum liquidity, quarterly financings and capital raise covenants as required in the Amended and Restated Forbearance Agreement. Furthermore, Sunshine did not fulfill repayment requirements of USD \$1.8 million on October 30, 2017, USD \$5.0 million on February 1, 2018 and USD \$15.0 million on May 1, 2018.

On August 1, 2018, the Company was required, amongst other matters, repay notes principal, and any previous outstanding payment commitments. Sunshine did not fulfill the repayment requirements. On October 31, 2018 (Calgary time), the Company and the Noteholders signed a Reinstatement and Amending Agreement (the "FRAA"). The principal terms of the FRAA include:

- The Forbearance was extended to August 1, 2019 (New York time);
- An interest of 10% per annum is incurred from the date hereof until August 1, 2019 (New York time);

10.1 Senior Notes (continued)

 The Company is to obtain financing of at least USD \$5.0 million from the date hereof until April 30, 2019 to maintain sufficient liquidity.

The Notes contain various non-financial covenants which, among other things, restrict the Company with respect to certain capital expenditures and payments, making investments and loans, incurrence of additional debt and issuance of certain preferred stock, paying dividends, altering the nature of the business and undertaking certain corporate transactions. A reporting covenant also exists which requires reporting in line with a reporting issuer under Canadian Securities Legislation and includes timely reporting of material changes.

The Note Indenture allows the Company to incur additional indebtedness in an aggregate principal amount not to exceed US\$5.0 million (the "Permitted Debt"). The Company had asked for consent from a majority note holders, effective as of April 14, 2016, to amend the Note Indenture to increase the amount of Permitted Debt from US\$5.0 million to US\$15.0 million. A majority of the Note holders agreed to this amendment as of May 11, 2016. As of March 31, 2019, the Company had incurred unsecured third party debt for a total of US\$14.7 million (CDN\$19.7 million equivalent) which is considered Permitted Debt.

From time to time, the Company receives liens or claims on accounts payable balances, and the Company continues to work toward resolution of any liens or claims. At March 31, 2019, the Company had incurred \$14.7 million (USD \$10.8 million equivalent using the period end exchange rate) in liens during the ordinary course of business.

The Notes are translated into Canadian dollars at the period end exchange rate of \$1USD = \$1.3363 CAD.

10.2 Bonds

For the three months ended March 31, 2019, the Company issued various unsecured bonds for a total proceeds of \$0.7 million (2018: \$21.0 million). These amounts were mainly received in RMB/HKD. The instruments bear interest of 10% to 20% per annum and have a potential maturity date of December 31, 2019. These bonds and loan balances are not subject to any financial covenants. For the three months ended March 31, 2019, the Company had repaid bonds principal of \$1.0 million plus interests.

	March 31, 2019	December 31, 2018
Opening balance	\$ 24,462	\$ 3,452
Bonds	698	21,010
Other loans	-	9,813
Repayment of Bonds	(1,008)	(9,813)
Balance, end of year	\$ 24,152	\$ 24,462

During the year of 2018, the Company and Zhengwei International Investment and Management Co. Ltd, an investment holding company registered in Hong Kong ("Zhengwei"), made two swap RMB/HKD loan agreements based on following terms:

Date of Agreement	RMB	HKD	Interest rate (%)
7-Jun-18	8,169,000	10,000,000	0%
18-Oct-18	43,443,220	48,913,554	0%_
Total	51,612,220	58,913,554	

The Company provided RMB loan to Zhengwei and received HKD loan from Zhengwei. The Company has to repay the HKD to receive RMB from Zhengwei. The Company recorded this loan as the gross amount of \$9.8 million in trade and other receivables under current assets and the same amount in Bonds under current liabilities.

11. Provisions

	March 31, 2019	December 31, 2018
Decommissioning obligations (Note 11.1)	\$ 49,759	\$ 48,739
	\$ 49,759	\$ 48,739
Presented as:		
Provisions (non-current)	\$ 49,759	\$ 48,739

11.1 Decommissioning obligations

As at March 31, 2019, the Company's share of the estimated total undiscounted cash flows required to settle asset decommissioning obligations was \$75.5 million (December 31, 2018 - \$77.0 million). Expenditures to settle asset decommissioning obligations are estimated to be incurred up to 2112. Decommissioning costs are based on estimated costs to reclaim and abandon crude oil properties and the estimated timing of the costs to be incurred in future years, discounted using an annual risk-free rate from 1.69% to 2.34% per annum and inflated using an inflation rate of 2.0% per annum.

	March 31, 2019	December 31, 2018
Balance, beginning of year	\$ 48,739	\$ 50,481
Effect of changes in discount rate	736	(2,854)
Unwinding of discount rate	284	1,112
Balance, end of period	\$ 49,759	\$ 48,739

12. Income taxes

12.1 Deferred tax balances

The Company did not recognize any deferred income tax assets, which relate primarily to unrecognized tax losses, for the three months ended March 31, 2019 and the year ended December 31, 2018. The components of the net deferred income tax asset are as follows:

		March 31, 2019	December 31, 2018
Deferred tax assets (liabilities)			
Exploration and evaluation assets and prop	erty,		
plant and equipment	\$	(86,740)	\$ (83,667)
Decommissioning liabilities		13,435	13,160
Share issue costs		613	702
Non-capital losses		308,522	299,767
Total Debt		(4,196)	3,147
Deferred tax benefits not recognized		(231,639)	(233,108)
_	\$	-	\$ -

13. Share capital

The Company's authorized share capital is as follows:

- an unlimited number of Class "A" and Class "B" voting common shares without par value;
- an unlimited number of Class "C", Class "D", Class "E" and Class "F" non-voting common shares without par value: and.
- an unlimited number of Class "G" and Class "H" non-voting preferred shares.

Issued Capital

		March 31, 2019	December 31, 2018
Common	shares	\$ 1,293,379	\$ 1,293,379

13.1 Common shares

	Mar	cn 31, 2019	Decemb	er 31, 2018
	Number of	\$	Number of	\$
	shares		shares	
Balance, beginning of year	6,135,846,624	1,293,379	5,627,877,613	1,275,008
Private placements – general mandate	-	-	507,969,011	18,631
Share issue costs, net of deferred tax (\$Nil)		-	-	(260)
Balance, end of period	6,135,846,624	1,293,379	6,135,846,624	1,293,379

Common shares consist of fully paid Class "A" common shares, which have no par value, carry one vote per share and carry a right to dividends.

13.1 Common shares (continued)

General mandate

2019 activity

During the three months ended March 31, 2019, there were no new common shares issued.

2018 activity

On January 16, 2018 the Company entered into a subscription agreement for a total of 80,882,500 class "A" common shares at a price of HKD \$0.272 per share (approximately CAD \$0.043 per common share), for gross proceeds of HKD \$22.0 million (approximately CAD \$3.5 million). On January 22, 2018 the Company completed the closing of this subscription agreement. In addition, a placing commission of HKD \$0.7 million (approximately CAD \$0.1 million), was incurred in relation to the Closing.

On February 5, 2018 the Company entered into a subscription agreement for a total of 122,951,000 class "A" common shares at a price of HKD \$0.244 per share (approximately CAD \$0.039 per common share), for gross proceeds of HKD \$30.0 million (approximately CAD \$4.75 million). On February 13, 2018 the Company completed the closing of 116,803,500 class "A" common shares at a price of HKD \$0.244 per share for gross proceeds of HKD \$28.5 million (approximately CAD \$4.6 million) of this subscription agreement. In addition, a placing commission of HKD \$0.9 million (approximately CAD \$0.14 million), was incurred in relation to the Closing. The subscription agreement expired on February 13, 2018 and hence the time to close the remaining 6,147,500 class "A" common shares lapsed.

On February 28, 2018 the Company entered into a settlement agreement for a total of 102,436,500 class "A" common shares at a price of HKD \$0.245 per share (approximately CAD \$0.040 per common share), for gross proceeds of HKD \$25.1 million (approximately CAD \$4.1 million). On March 14, 2018 the Company completed the closing of this settlement agreement. This settlement agreement was entered into for settlement of indebtedness with two independent third parties.

On March 2, 2018 the Company entered into a settlement agreement for a total of 20,393,059 class "A" common shares at a price of HKD \$0.245 per share (approximately CAD \$0.040 per common share), for gross proceeds of HKD \$5.0 million (approximately CAD \$0.8 million). On March 14, 2018 the Company completed the closing of this settlement agreement. This settlement agreement was entered into for settlement of indebtedness with independent third parties.

On June 7, 2018 the Company entered into a settlement agreement for a total of 30,765,000 class "A" common shares at a price of HKD \$0.214 per share (approximately CAD \$0.035 per common share), for gross proceeds of HKD \$6.6 million (approximately CAD \$1.1 million). On June 15, 2018 the Company completed the closing of this settlement agreement. This settlement agreement was entered into for settlement of indebtedness with an independent third party.

On July 6, 2018, the Company entered into a settlement agreement for a total of 14,322,500 class "A" common shares at a price of HKD \$0.192 per share (approximately CAD \$0.032 per common share), for gross proceeds of HKD \$2.75 million (approximately CAD \$0.46 million). This settlement agreement was entered into for settlement of indebtedness with an independent third party.

On September 11, 2018, the Company entered into a settlement agreement for a total of 11,868,000 class "A" common shares at a price of HKD \$0.159 per share (approximately CAD \$0.026 per common share), for gross proceeds of HKD \$1.89 million (approximately CAD \$0.31 million). On September 20, 2018 the Company completed the closing of this settlement agreement. This settlement agreement was entered into for settlement of indebtedness with an independent third party.

On September 17, 2018, the Company entered into a settlement agreement for a total of 8,247,500 class "A" common shares at a price of HKD \$0.166 per share (approximately CAD \$0.028 per common share), for gross proceeds of HKD \$1.37 million (approximately CAD \$0.23 million). On September 21, 2018 the Company completed the closing of this settlement agreement. This settlement agreement was entered into for settlement of indebtedness with an independent third party.

13.1 Common shares (continued)

On November 2, 2018, the Company entered into a settlement agreement for a total of 32,832,000 class "A" common shares at a price of HKD \$0.146 per share (approximately CAD \$0.0246 per common share), for gross proceeds of HKD \$4.79 million (approximately CAD \$0.81 million). On November 16, 2018 the Company completed the closing of this settlement agreement. This settlement agreement was entered into for settlement of indebtedness with an independent third party.

On November 14, 2018, the Company entered into a settlement agreement for a total of 2,199,500 class "A" common shares at a price of HKD \$0.152 per share (approximately CAD \$0.0257 per common share), for gross proceeds of HKD \$0.33 million (approximately CAD \$0.06 million). On November 21, 2018 the Company completed the closing of this settlement agreement. This settlement agreement was entered into for settlement of indebtedness with an independent third party.

On November 23, 2018, the Company entered into a settlement agreement for a total of 1,000,500 class "A" common shares at a price of HKD \$0.144 per share (approximately CAD \$0.0245 per common share), for gross proceeds of HKD \$0.14 million (approximately CAD \$0.02 million). On November 29, 2018 the Company completed the closing of this settlement agreement. This settlement agreement was entered into for settlement of indebtedness with an independent third party.

On June 25, 2018, the Company entered into a subscription agreement for convertible bonds in the principal amount up to HKD \$1.1 million (approximately CAD \$1.87 million) with independent third parties. With an initial conversion price of HKD \$0.207 per share (approximately CAD \$0.035 per share), a maximum of 53,140,097 Class "A" common shares was to be allotted and issuance upon the full conversion of the placing Convertible Bonds ("CB"). The convertible bonds interest rate was 5.0% per annum and required repayment in full within three months from the maturity date. On July 5, 2018, the Company completed the placing of convertible bonds. The Conversion Period expired on September 30, 2018 and no conversion right attached to the Placing CB was exercised. As such, CBs were redeemed by the Company and were cancelled.

On September 28, 2018, the Company entered into a subscription agreement for convertible bonds in the principal amount up to HKD \$11 million (approximately CAD \$1.81 million) with independent third parties. With an initial conversion price of HKD \$0.210 per share (approximately CAD \$0.036 per share), a maximum of 52,380,952 Class "A" common shares were allotted and issuable upon the full conversion of the placing convertible bonds. The convertible bonds interest rate was 13.7% per annum and required repayment in full within two months from the maturity date. On October 5, 2018, the Company completed the placing of convertible bonds. On November 30, 2018, the Company received conversion notices from all Placees and they exercised all the Conversion Rights attached to these convertible bonds to convert the whole principal amount of the convertible bonds into Shares at the Conversion Price of HK\$0.210 per share (approximately CAD \$0.036 per share). Accordingly, 52,380,952 Class "A" common shares were allotted and issued to the Placees.

On December 5, 2018, the Company entered into a settlement agreement for a total of 27,983,000 class "A" common shares at a price of HKD \$0.137 per share (approximately CAD \$0.0234 per common share), for gross proceeds of HKD \$3.83 million (approximately CAD \$0.66 million). On December 14, 2018 the Company completed the closing of this settlement agreement. This settlement agreement was entered into for settlement of indebtedness with an independent third party.

On December 20, 2018, the Company entered into a settlement agreement for a total of 5,854,500 class "A" common shares at a price of HKD \$0.133 per share (approximately CAD \$0.0232 per common share), for gross proceeds of HKD \$0.78 million (approximately CAD \$0.14 million). On December 28, 2018 the Company completed the closing of this settlement agreement. This settlement agreement was entered into for settlement of indebtedness with an independent third party.

14. Share-based compensation

14.1 Movements in stock options

The following reconciles the stock options outstanding at the beginning and end of each period:

		March 31, 2019		December 31, 2018
	Number of	Weighted	Number of	Weighted
	options	average exercise	options	average exercise
		price \$		price \$
Balance, beginning of period	491,005,881	0.06	195,435,525	0.09
Granted	-	-	315,000,000	0.04
Forfeited	-	-	(17,805,743)	0.08
Expired	-	-	(1,623,901)	80.0
Balance, end of period	491,005,881	0.06	491,005,881	0.06
Exercisable, end of period	277,150,776	0.07	277,150,776	0.07

As at March 31, 2019, stock options outstanding had a weighted average remaining contractual life of 3.8 years (December 31, 2018 - 3.8 years). The Company granted Nil stock options during the three months ended March 31, 2019.

14.2 Share-based compensation

Share-based compensation has been recorded in the Condensed Consolidated Interim Financial Statements for the periods presented as follows:

		March	า 31, 2019	March 31, 2018		
	Expensed	Capitalized	Total	Expensed	Capitalized	Total
Stock options	\$ 334	\$ -	\$ 334	\$ 368	\$ -	\$ 368

15. Revenue

Revenues by classification

•		March 31, 2019	March 31, 2018
Petroleum sales	\$	6,017	\$ 11,258
	·	6,017	11,258
Other revenue		1	1
Balance, end of period	\$	6,018	\$ 11,259

15.1 Petroleum revenue, net of royalties

· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·		March 31, 2019		March 31, 2018
Petroleum sales	\$	6,017	\$	11,258
Royalties	·	(68)	,	(114)
Balance, end of period	\$	5 949	\$	11 144

The royalty rate at West Ells is based on price sensitive royalty rates set by the Government of Alberta. The applicable royalty rates change dependent upon whether a project is pre-payout or post-payout, with payout being defined as the point in time when a project has generated enough net revenues to recover its cumulative costs. The royalty rate applicable to pre-payout oil sands operations starts at 1% of bitumen sales and increases for every dollar that the WTI crude oil price in Canadian dollars is priced above \$55 per barrel, to a maximum of 9% when the WTI crude oil price is \$120 per barrel or higher. All of the Company's projects are currently pre-payout.

Petroleum sales by Product

	March 31, 2019	March 31, 2018
Crude oil sales	\$ 6,017	\$ 11,258
Balance, end of period	\$ 6,017	\$ 11,258



15.1 Petroleum revenue, net of royalties (continued)

The Company has no natural gas or natural gas liquid sales. The Company's petroleum sales are determined pursuant to the terms of marketing agreements and spot sale agreements. The transaction price for crude oil is based on the commodity price in the month of production and adjusted for premiums, quality adjustments and equalization adjustments. Commodity prices are based on market indices that are determined on a daily or monthly basis. Petroleum sales are received one month after the crude oil is produced and shipped and typically collected on the 25th day of the month following production.

15.2. Other income

	March 31, 2019	March 31, 2018
Interest income	\$ 1	\$ 1
Balance, end of period	\$ 1	\$ 1

16. General and administrative costs

	March 31, 2019	March 31, 2018
Salaries, consultants and benefits	\$ 1,536	\$ 1,617
Rent	251	553
Legal and audit	296	130
Other	539	713
Balance, end of period	\$ 2,622	\$ 3,013

17. Finance costs

	March 31, 2019	March 31, 2018
Interest expense on senior secured notes	\$ 18,887	\$ 8,943
Interest expense on other loans	446	101
Redemption/yield maintenance premium	2,190	4,647
Financing related costs	4	-
Other interest expense/(recovery)	867	1,387
Other Interest expenses-leases	56	
Unwinding of discounts on provisions	 284	270
Balance, end of period	\$ 22,734	\$ 15,348

18. Loss per share

The weighted average number for basic Class "A" common shares for the periods presented is in the following table. Other than Class "A" common shares, all equity instruments have been excluded in calculating the diluted loss per share as they were anti-dilutive, considering the Company was in a loss position for the periods presented.

	March 31, 2019	March 31, 2018
Basic and diluted – Class "A" common shares	6,135,846,624	5,771,889,541
Loss per share	\$ (0.00)	\$ (0.01)

19. Financial instruments

19.1 Capital risk management

The Company can be exposed to financial risks on its financial instruments and in the way that it finances its capital requirements. The Company manages these financial and capital structure risks by operating in a manner that minimizes its exposure to volatility.

The Company's strategy is to access sufficient capital, through equity issuances, joint ventures and the utilization of debt, in order to maintain a capital base for the objective of maintaining financial flexibility and to sustain the future development of the business. The Company manages its capital structure in order to continue as a going concern and makes adjustments relative to changes in economic conditions and the Company's risk profile. In order to manage risk, the Company may from time to time issue shares and adjust its capital spending to manage current working capital levels. The Company expects its current capital resources will not be sufficient to complete its development plans through the next twelve months and will be required to raise additional funds through future equity or debt financings, a joint venture or a sale of assets. The Company's ability to continue as a going concern is dependent on its ability to realize forecasted revenues, achieve profitable operations, restructure projected cash outflows arising from existing

19.1 Capital risk management (continued)

arrangements, control the timing and extent of projected expenditures, and refinance current debt, access immediate additional financing and maintain compliance with all terms in debt and forbearance agreements. These uncertainties may cast significant doubt about the Company's ability to continue as a going concern.

The Company's capital structure currently includes shareholders' equity and working capital deficiency as follows:

	March 31, 2019	December 31, 2018
Working capital deficiency	\$ 483,933	\$ 461,341
Shareholders' equity	227,171	251,953
	\$ 711,104	\$ 713,294

The working capital deficiency of \$483.9 million at March 31, 2019, includes the \$265.4 million current portion of the Notes. There is no change in the Company's objectives and strategies of capital management for the three months ended March 31, 2019.

19.2 Categories of financial instruments

The Company's financial assets and liabilities comprise of cash, prepaid expenses, deposits, trade and other receivables, trade and accrued liabilities and loans and senior notes (debt). The carrying value or fair value of the Company's financial instruments carried on the Condensed Consolidated Interim Statements of Financial Position are classified in the following categories:

	March 31, 2019			December 31, 20				
		Carrying amount		Fair value		Carrying amount		Fair value
Financial assets at amortized cost Cash, prepaid expenses, deposits and trade and other receivables	\$	18,138	\$	18,138	\$	17,248	\$	17,248
	\$	18,138	\$	18,138	\$	17,248	\$	17,248
Financial liabilities at amortized cost								
Trade and accrued liabilities Debt		207,179 294,892		207,179 294,892	\$	183,137 295,452	\$	183,137 295,452
	\$	502,071	\$	502,071	\$	478,589	\$	478,589

19.3 Currency risk

The Company is exposed to risks arising from fluctuations in foreign currency exchange rates. Thus, exchange rate fluctuations can affect the fair value of future cash flows. This exposure primarily relates to certain expenditure commitments, deposits, accounts payable and long term debt which are denominated in US dollars, HK dollars and/or Chinese renminbi. The Company manages this risk by monitoring foreign exchange rates and evaluating their effects on using Canadian or U.S. vendors as well as timing of transactions. The Company had no forward exchange rate contracts in place as at or during the three months ended March 31, 2019.

If exchange rates to convert from US dollars to Canadian dollars had been one percent higher or lower with all other variables held constant, foreign cash held at March 31, 2019 would have been impacted by Nil and the carrying value of the debt at March 31, 2019 would have been impacted by \$2.7 million. At March 31, 2019, the Company held approximately USD \$0.01 million or \$0.015 million of cash, using the March 31, 2019 exchange rate of 1.3363, as cash and cash equivalents in the Company's US bank accounts.

For Hong Kong dollar amounts, exchange rates to convert from HK dollars to Canadian dollars had been one percent higher or lower with all other variables held constant, foreign cash held at March 31, 2019 would have been impacted by approximately Nil and the carrying value of the debt at March 31, 2019 would have been impacted by \$0.11 million. At March 31, 2019, the Company held, after recent equity closings, approximately HKD \$0.4 million or \$0.06 million using the March 31, 2019 exchange rate of 5.8743, as cash in the Company's HKD bank accounts.

For Chinese renminbi amounts, exchange rates to convert from Chinese renminbi to Canadian dollars had been one percent higher or lower with all other variables held constant, foreign cash held at March 31, 2019 would have been

19.3 Currency risk (continued)

impacted by approximately Nil and the carrying value of the debt at March 31, 2019 would have been impacted by \$0.09 million. At March 31, 2019, the Company held approximately CNY \$0.12 million or \$0.02 million using the March 31, 2019 exchange rate of 5.0226, as cash in the Company's CNY bank accounts.

The following table summarizes the components of the Company's foreign exchange (gains)/ losses:

	March 31, 2019	March 31, 2018
Unrealized foreign exchange loss /(gain) on translation of:		
U.S. denominated senior secured notes	\$ (5,542)	\$ 6,933
H.K. denominated loan	32	80
Foreign currency denominated cash balances	(279)	(25)
Foreign currency denominated accounts payable balances	312	84
	(5,477)	7,072
Realized foreign exchange loss/(gain)	(5)	(90)
Total foreign exchange loss/(gain)	\$ (5,482)	\$ 6,982

19.4 Liquidity risk management

Liquidity risk is the risk that the Company will not be able to meet its financial obligations as they become due. The Company's approach to managing liquidity risk is to plan that it will have sufficient liquidity to meet its liabilities when due, using either equity or debt proceeds. At March 31, 2019, the Company had negative working capital of \$483.9 million and an accumulated deficit of \$1,141.1 million. The Company's ability to continue as a going concern is dependent on completion of the West Ells development, achieving profitable operations and the ability to refinance current debt and access additional financing.

The timing of cash outflows relating to financial liabilities as at March 31, 2019, are as follows:

	Total	Less than 1 year	1-2 years
Trade and accrued liabilities	\$ 207,179	\$ 207,179	\$ -
Debt ¹	294,892	294,892	-
	\$ 502.071	\$ 502 071	\$

Principal amount of Notes and loans based on the year end exchange rate of \$1 US = 1.3363CAD and \$1HKD = \$0.1702 CAD. Debt is due on demand.

20. Related party transactions

20.1 Trading transactions

For the three months ended March 31, 2019, a consulting company, to which a director of Sunshine is related, charged the Company \$0.15 million (March 31, 2018 – \$0.14 million) for management and advisory services.

Mr. Kwok Ping Sun, the Company's Executive Chairman, has beneficial ownership of, or control or direction of 1,682,407,000 common shares of the Company which represents approximately 27.98% of the Company's outstanding common shares.

On August 24, 2017, November 16, 2017 and November 28, 2017, the Company signed loan agreements with Prime Union. The Loan interest rate was 6.0% per annum and required repayment in full within three months from the date of the receipt of the loan, the total loans amount were HKD \$33.3 million (approximately CAD \$5.4 million). As at March 31, 2019, all the loans and interests were paid in full.

On June 1, 2018, the Company signed a loan agreement with Prime Union with the loan interest rate being 10.0% per annum and required repayment in full within three months from the date of the receipt of the loan. The total loan amount was HKD \$14.2 million (approximately CAD \$2.4 million). As at March 31, 2019, the loan and interests were paid in full.

On August 11, 2018, the Company signed a loan agreement with Prime Union with the loan interest rate being 10.0% per annum and required repayment in full within three months from the date of the receipt of the loan. The total loan

20.1 Trading transactions (continued)

amount was about HKD \$9.0 million (approximately CAD \$1.5 million). As at March 31, 2019, the loan and interests were paid in full.

On March 25, 2019, The Company signed a supplementary agreement with Renergy Petroleum (Canada) Co., Ltd, owed by Mr. Kwok Ping Sun, regarding the proposed Amendment of the Joint Operating Agreements on Muskwa and Godin area oil sands leases.

For the three months ended March 31, 2019, the Company had obtained the loans from shareholders for HKD \$31.1 million (approximately CAD \$5.3 million) with the loan interest rate of 10% per annum, and required repayment in full by the end of the year of 2019.

20.2 Compensation of key management personnel and directors

The remuneration of the directors and key management executives is determined by the Compensation Committee and consists of the following amounts:

Directors' fees ¹		March 31, 2018		
	\$	147	\$	168
Salaries and allowances		600		543
Share-based compensation		305		336
·	\$	1,052	\$	1,047

For the period ended March 31, 2019, this number reflects accrued fees of \$0.15 million (2018 - \$0.17 million). Refer to the appendix A2 for additional director fees disclosure.

21. Operating lease arrangements

Payments recognised as an expense

	March 31, 2019	March 31, 2018
Minimum lease payments	\$ 512	\$ 547

22. Commitments and contingencies

As at March 31, 2019, the Company's commitments are as follows:

	Total	2019	2020	2021	2022	2023	Thereafter
Repayment of debt ¹	\$ 265,448	265,448	-	-	-	-	-
Interest payments on debt ²	8,848	8,848	-	-	-	-	-
Redemption premium ³	_	_	-	-	-	-	-
Loans ⁴	19,631	19,631	-	-	-	-	-
Drilling, other equipment and							
contracts	1,259	503	247	247	132	104	26
Lease rentals ⁵	6,216	1,138	1,399	1,399	1,256	316	708
Office leases	1,749	634	693	390	32	-	_
	\$ 303,151	296,202	2,339	2,036	1,420	420	734

- 1. Principal amount of Notes based on the period end exchange rate of \$1US=\$1.3363 CAD and a maturity date of August 1, 2019.
- 2. Based on 10% on principal amount and a maturity date of August 1, 2019 less the interest accrued to March 31, 2019 at the period end exchange rate of \$1USD = \$1.3363 CAD. 2.5% forbearance fees ceased effective on Oct 31, 2018.
- 3. Based on "FRAA" Oct 31, 2018, 7.298% YMP ceased effective on Oct 31, 2018.
- 4. Principal of loans and its interest (10% -20% on principal amount of the debt) based on the period exchange rate of \$1 HKD = \$0.1702 CAD.
- 5. The Company has an annual obligation for oil sands mineral lease rentals and surface lease rentals.

The Company has been named as a Defendant in Court of Queen's Bench of Alberta Judicial District of Calgary, commenced by a shareholder of the Company (the "Claimant") by Statement of Claim (the "Action") filed January 2, 2014. The Claimant alleges that, pursuant to a share subscription agreement entered into in January 2011, it is entitled to require the Company to repurchase 4,132,232 shares (prior to the 20:1 share split that occurred prior to the Company's IPO) of the Company that the Claimant acquired pursuant to the Share Subscription Agreement. This constitutes a claim for \$40 million plus interest at 15% per annum since the date of the share subscription agreement. The Company's Statement of Defence was filed on April 2, 2014. The Claimant's application for summary judgment was heard on

22. Commitments and contingencies (continued)

February 2 and 3, 2016. The summary judgment application was dismissed on February 3, 2016. As March 31, 2019 no amounts have been accrued in the Consolidated Financial Statements as the ultimate resolution is undeterminable at this time. The Company will record a provision if it believes that the outcome of the contingency becomes probable and can be reasonably estimated.

The Company received a demand notice from the Regional Municipality of Wood Buffalo ("RMWB") in relation to the 2016 and 2017 municipal property taxes of \$6.1 million. The Company was also charged with overdue penalties of \$1.3 million. Since then the Company was in active negotiation with RMWB for a settlement plan with proposals to waive overdue penalties. As at the date of this report, negotiations are still ongoing and the Company remains positive in the discussion with RMWB. The Company believes that it has made adequate provision in the financial statements against this demand notice including the outstanding balance for 2018.

The Company is involved in various claims including claims described above and actions arising in the course of operations and is subject to various legal actions, pending claims and exposures. Litigation is subject to many uncertainties, and the outcome of individual matters is not predictable with assurance. Unfavorable outcome were to occur against such claims or pending claims, there exists the possibility of a material adverse impact on the Company's consolidated net income or loss in the period in which the outcome is determined. Accruals for litigation, claims and assessments are recognized if the Company determines that the loss is probable and the amount can be reasonably estimated. The Company believes it has made adequate provision for such claims. While fully supportable in the Company's view, some of these positions, if challenged may not be fully sustained on review. From time to time, the Company receives liens or claims on accounts payable balances, and the Company continues to work toward resolution of any liens or claims, as noted in note 10. At March 31, 2019, the Company had incurred \$14.7 million (US \$10.8 million equivalent using the period end exchange rate) in liens against them during the ordinary course of business.

23. Supplemental cash flow disclosures

Supplemental cash flow disclosures

	March 31, 2019	March 31, 2018
Cash provided by (used in):		
Trade and other receivables	\$ (2.060)	\$ (769)
Prepaid expenses and deposits	836	(506)
Trade and other payables	1,142	(1,033)
	\$ (82)	\$ (2,308)
Changes in non-cash working capital relating to: Operating activities		
Trade and other receivables	\$ (2,060)	\$ (769)
Prepaid expenses and deposits	836	(506)
Trade and other payables	1,115	(835)
, ,	\$ (109)	\$ (2,110)
Investing activities		
Property, plant and equipment	(27)	(198)
• • •	\$ (82)	\$ (2,308)

The following table reconciles liabilities to cash flows arising from financing activities:

	2019
Balance, December 31, 2018	\$ 295,451
Changes in cash items -	
Proceeds of shareholder loans	5,267
Payment of shareholder loans	_
Proceeds of bonds	693
Payment of bonds	(1,008)
Changes in non-cash items -	, ,
Unrealized loss / (gain) on senior notes foreign exchange	(5,542)
Unrealized loss / (gain) on other loans foreign exchange	31
Balance, March 31, 2019	\$ 294.892



24. Approval of Condensed Consolidated Interim Financial Statements

The Condensed Consolidated Interim Financial Statements were approved by the Board of Directors and authorized for issue on May 14, 2019.



Appendix to the Condensed Consolidated Interim Financial Statements (Unaudited)

Additional Stock Exchange Information

Additional information required by the SEHK and not shown elsewhere in these Condensed Consolidated Interim Financial Statements is as follows:

A1. Sunshine Oilsands Ltd. Non-Consolidated Statement of Financial Position

The Company's statement of financial position is on a non-consolidated basis which excludes the Company's wholly owned subsidiaries Sunshine Hong Kong, Boxian and Sunshine Shanghai.

		March 31, 2019		December 31, 2018
Non-current assets				
Property, plant and equipment	\$	490,981	\$	492,288
Exploration and evaluation assets	Ψ	269,443	Ψ	269,218
Right-of-use assets		807		203,210
Amounts due from subsidiary		11,489		10,935
, another due non-casolalary		772,720		772,441
Current assets				
Trade and other receivables		14,414		12,431
Prepaid expenses and deposits		2,053		2,881
Cash		177		451
		16,644		15,763
Current liabilities				
Trade and other payables		207,006		183,137
Other Liabilities				-
Amount due to subsidiary		2,698		2,761
Bonds		24,152		24,462
Shareholder loans		5,292		, - -
Senior notes		265,448		270,990
		504,596		481,350
Net current assets		(487,952)		(465,587)
Total assets less current liabilities		284,768		306,854
Non-current liabilities				
Lease liabilities		815		
Provisions		49,759		48,739
FIONSIONS		50,574		48,739
Net assets	\$	234,194	\$	258,115
Capital and receives				
Capital and reserves Share capital	\$	1,293,379	\$	1,293,379
Reserve for share-based compensation	φ	74,865	φ	74,531
Deficit		(1,134,050)		(1,109,795)
Delicit		234,194	\$	<u>(1,109,795)</u> 258,115
	φ	234,194	φ	200,110

Appendix to the Condensed Consolidated Interim Financial Statements (Unaudited)

A2. Directors' emoluments and other staff costs

The Directors' emoluments and other staff costs are broken down as follows:

		March 31, 2019	March 31, 2018
Directors' emoluments			
Directors' fees	\$	147 \$	168
Salaries and allowances		600	543
Share-based compensation		305	336
		1,052	1,047
Other staff costs	'		
Salaries and other benefits		789	906
Share-based compensation		29	32
		818	938
Total staff costs, including directors' emoluments		1,870	1,985
Less: staff costs capitalized to qualifying assets		-	-
. , , ,	\$	1,870 \$	1,985